

SPF Economie, P.M.E., Classes moyennes et Energie

# Quality Management Systems Requirements

**NBN EN ISO 9001** 

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE BY INTERVENING BODIES THAT PERFORM THE 1ST INSPECTION OF A CAR LIFT

### **DOCUMENT HISTORY**

Version and approval date	Reason for revision	Scope of the revision	
1 24/11/2022	New document	Complete document	
		Point 3 (height) and Table 1 (sufficient	
2 19/12/2022	Correction	safety level of the working	
		coefficient)	

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#### PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This document lays down the requirements that must be checked as a minimum according to the FPS Economy (in agreement with the FPS Employment) during a first thorough inspection of a car lift by an intervening body. It concerns car lifts (see definition) that have been placed on the market in accordance with the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC. This document does not apply to vehicle lifts that fall within the scope of the EN 1493 standard.

These instructions have been drawn up within the framework of article 2 §2 2° of the Royal Decree of 27 April 2007 determining the operating criteria and the modalities for monitoring the functioning of intervening bodies.

Car lifts are becoming increasingly popular due to the pursuit of a more efficient use of limited space, especially in apartment buildings. With this increasing popularity, the number of complaints about and/or problems with these installations is also rising.

For car lifts that are marketed under the scope of the Lifts Directive, The Royal Decree on the safety of lifts applies. For car lifts installed in a working environment, the requirements of the codex on well-being at work and the General Regulations on Occupational Safety (ARAB) apply.

#### 2. DEFINITIONS AND REFERENCE TO OTHER DOCUMENTS

#### Legal basis:

- Royal Decree of 12 August 2008 concerning the placing on the market of machinery (RDM) machines). This is the Belgian transposition of the European Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC
- Royal Decree of 27 April 2007 determining operating criteria and modalities for monitoring the functioning of intervening bodies
- Book IX of the Code of Economic Law concerning the safety of products and services and its definitions (Book I, Chapter 7)

#### Definition:

Intervening body (art. I.10 13°):

- a) any body operating under Book IX or its executive decrees for drawing up a risk analysis, determining preventive measures, carrying out installation inspections, carrying out maintenance inspections, drawing up inspection or maintenance schedules, performing periodic checks or carrying out periodic inspections;
- b) any body designated under Book IX or its executive decrees as a notified or recognized body for carrying out conformity assessment procedures;
- c) any body acting under Book IX or its executive decrees to otherwise monitor the safety of a product or service.

Car lift: lifting platform with semi-rising walls for cars

#### 3. INSTRUCTIONS

Through this instruction, the FPS Economy aims to clarify/specify the minimum requirements that must be met during a first thorough inspection (see checklist in table 1). The basis for drawing up this checklist is the Royal Decree on machinery (and the harmonized standards under the Machinery Directive).

Such an inspection is not yet mandatory (unless included in the manufacturer's instructions), but highly recommended before commissioning, as well as further inspections, namely 2 times a year for car lifts with a lifting height > 3 m (every 6 months) and annually in case of a lifting height  $\le 3$  m (every 12 months).

In addition to the date and time of the start and end of the inspection, the report of the intervening body must also clearly state the points that were checked and where any problems were found. Preferably, these problems should be clarified with photos. If the minimum requirements from the checklist are not met, use of the car lift should be discontinued until the problem has been resolved, in order to guarantee the safety of the users.

Table 1 – List of minimum requirements to be checked during a first thorough inspection of a car lift placed on the market under the Machinery Directive (Limited to platforms with semi-rising walls. Not applicable to vehicle lifts (EN 1493)).

Documents and inscriptions	
EC declaration of conformity is present for the product as a whole (2006/42/EG, Annex II 1a)	
Manufacturing plate/data is present (2006/42/EC, Annex I 1.7.3)	
CE marking is present (2006/42/EC, Annex I 1.7.3 + Annex III)	
Marking 'maximum load' is present on the platform (2006/42/EC, Annex I 4.3.2 and 6.5)	
Indication 'maximum number of persons' is present (2006/42/EC, Annex I 6.5)	
Instruction 'passengers shall remain in the vehicle' is present (2006/42/EC, Annex I 1.7)	
Instruction 'prohibited for use by cyclists, motorcyclists, pedestrians and such' is present (2006/42/EC, Annex I 1.7)	
Instructions for use (manual and posted instructions for use) are available (also for any remote control) (2006/42/EC, Annex I 1.7)	
Platform	
Dead man's control is present (if no cage doors) (2006/42/EC, Annex I 1.2.2, 4.1.2.6, 4.2.1 and 6.2)	
Emergency stop is present at control station (if no car doors) (2006/42/EC, Annex I 1.2.4.1 and 1.2.4.3) (EN 1570-2, 5.8.4)	
Remote control is hold to run (when active on platform) (2006/42/EC, Annex I 4.2.1 and 6.2) (EN 60204-32, 9.2.5.2)	
Bi-directional emergency communication is present and functional in the absence of a system to raise the platform to the floor level in the event of a power failure (2006/42/EC, Annex I 1.2.1 and 1.5.14)	
Sufficient lighting, minimum 100 lux, is present at the level of the driver controls (2006/42/EC, Annex I 1.1.4)	
Emergency lighting is present (2006/42/EC, Annex I 1.1.4)	
Safety curtains with a min height equal to the height of the vehicles that have access (min 1.1 m) are present on the walls on the access sides (2006/42/EC, Annex I 6.4.3)	
Safety system (sensitive board type) is present on the semi-rising walls in case of a distance < 12 cm between wall and shaft wall (to prevent entrapment of body parts) (2006/42/EC, Annex I 6.4.1) (EN 1570- 2, 5.10.2) (EN ISO 13857, 4.2.4)	
The platform may not start automatically after an emergency stop (reset procedure + manual) (2006/42/EC, Annex I 1.2.4.3)	
Landing doors (roller shutters/sectional doors)	
An interlocking device operated by the position of the carrier is present (2006/42/EC, Annex I 4.1.2.8.5) (This may be achieved via an electrical contact. The electrical interlock must be a safety component. The combination of the electrical contact and the interlock must be a safety circuit.)	
Emergency release + manual are present	
Depth of the recess in which the landing door is located < 12 cm Or a protection of this recess is present if the depth is > 12 cm (e.g. by the use a photo cell) (EN 1570-2, 5.4.8)	
Shaft	
Distance < 30 mm between carrier and shaft wall (threshold) (EN 1570-2, 5.6 b)	
Distance < 120 mm between carrier and gate (EN 1570-2, 5.4.8) (EN 81-31, 5.5.1.3)	
Emergency stop is present in the pit (EN 1570-2, 5.8.6)	
Access ladder is present in the pit if pit depth > 0.5 m	
Clamp system + instructions are available in case of limited safety space in the pit (0.5 m x 0.6 m x 1 m)	

Pit lighting is present (min 100 lux)	
End of range contacts are present in case of chains or cables + slackness contact	
Sufficiently large shaft ventilation min. 1% is present (RD Basic Fire Standards <sup>1</sup> , Annex 4/1 (tall buildings) point 6.1.3.2) (2006/42/EC, Annex I 1.1.7)	
Evidence of a sufficient safety level of the working coefficient of cables ( $\geq$ factor 10) or chains ( $\geq$ factor 8) is present (e.g. manufacturer's certificate) (2006/42/EG, Annex I 4.1.2.4 and 6.1.1)	
Machine/hydraulic group	
Overloading detection is present (2006/42/EC, Annex I 4.2.2 and 6.1.2) (EN 1570-2, 5.7.2.10)	
Line rupture valve/safety catch device is present (2006/42/EC, Annex I 6.4.1)	
Oil collection system is present in case of a hydraulic group	
Temperature protection of the oil is present in case of a hydraulic group	
Motor run time limiter is present (EN 81-31, 5.10.2.8.)	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Royal Decree on fundamental fire standards: Royal Decree of 7 July 1994 establishing basic standards for the prevention of fire and explosion with which [...] buildings must comply and its amendments.